**Esercizio 1: Completa le frasi con il verbo modale appropriato.**

1. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cook very well.
2. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to visit the doctor.
3. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leave a tip for the waiter.
4. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the concert next weekend.
5. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ arrive on time for the meeting.
6. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wear a seatbelt in the car.
7. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finish the project by Friday.
8. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not play music too loudly at night.
9. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ study for the exam tomorrow.
10. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ need a map to find the museum.

**Esercizio 2: Cambia le seguenti frasi utilizzando un verbo modale.**

1. I must study for the test.
2. She can speak French fluently.
3. They should eat more vegetables.
4. We have to finish the assignment.
5. He is allowed to use the computer.
6. You may travel to Europe next summer.
7. We ought to be polite to our neighbors.
8. He is not permitted to smoke in the building.
9. I might go for a walk in the evening.
10. They need to clean their room before guests arrive.

**Esercizio 3: Scegli il verbo modale corretto per completare le frasi.**

1. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bring an umbrella; it might rain. (possibilità)
2. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ swim across the river. (capacità)
3. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to call our grandparents on their anniversary. (necessità)
4. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ come to the party if they want to. (permesso)
5. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go to the gym, but I'm too tired. (possibilità)
6. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not forget to water the plants. (obbligo)
7. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not take photos in the museum. (proibizione)
8. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to buy groceries for dinner. (necessità)
9. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ learn to play the guitar. (capacità)
10. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ visit the art gallery if it's open. (permesso)

**Esercizio 4: Forma frasi interrogative e negative utilizzando i verbi modali.**

1. (Domanda) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she swim in the pool? (permesso) (Negazione) They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night. (impossibilità)
2. (Domanda) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you play the piano? (capacità) (Negazione) He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ junk food every day. (frequenza)
3. (Domanda) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we come to your house tomorrow? (permesso) (Negazione) She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the concert because she's sick. (obbligo)
4. (Domanda) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they arrive on time for the meeting? (probabilità) (Negazione) I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ attend the event if we don't want to. (obbligo)
5. (Domanda) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he speak Spanish fluently? (capacità) (Negazione) We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to attend the event if we don't want to. (obbligo)

**Esercizio 5: Completa le seguenti frasi usando il verbo modale appropriato.**

1. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to finish this report by Friday.
2. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not allowed to bring pets into the restaurant.
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you please pass the salt?
4. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go to the dentist because of her toothache.
5. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ visit the art gallery on Sunday.
6. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the gym every day.
7. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not speak during the movie.
8. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to drive to the mountains next weekend.
9. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ play the piano beautifully.
10. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ come to the party if you want to.

**Riposta**

**Esercizio 1: Completa le frasi con il verbo modale appropriato.**

1. She **can** cook very well.
2. You **need** to visit the doctor.
3. They **should** leave a tip for the waiter.
4. We **will** go to the concert next weekend.
5. He **might** arrive on time for the meeting.
6. You **must** wear a seatbelt in the car.
7. She **has** to finish the project by Friday.
8. We **should not** play music too loudly at night.
9. I **have** to study for the exam tomorrow.
10. They **might** need a map to find the museum.

**Esercizio 2: Cambia le seguenti frasi utilizzando un verbo modale.**

1. I must study for the test. Devo studiare per il test.
2. She can speak French fluently. Lei sa parlare il francese fluentemente.
3. They should eat more vegetables. Dovrebbero mangiare più verdure.
4. We have to finish the assignment. Dobbiamo finire il compito.
5. He is allowed to use the computer. Lui può usare il computer.
6. You may travel to Europe next summer. Potresti viaggiare in Europa l'estate prossima.
7. We ought to be polite to our neighbors. Dovremmo essere cortesi con i nostri vicini.
8. He is not permitted to smoke in the building. A lui non è permesso fumare nell'edificio.
9. I might go for a walk in the evening. Potrei fare una passeggiata la sera.
10. They need to clean their room before guests arrive. Devono pulire la loro stanza prima che arrivino gli ospiti.

**Esercizio 3: Scegli il verbo modale corretto per completare le frasi.**

1. You **should** bring an umbrella; it might rain. (possibilità)
2. He **can** swim across the river. (capacità)
3. We **need** to call our grandparents on their anniversary. (necessità)
4. They **may** come to the party if they want to. (permesso)
5. I **could** go to the gym, but I'm too tired. (possibilità)
6. She **must** not forget to water the plants. (obbligo)
7. You **should not** take photos in the museum. (proibizione)
8. We **have** to buy groceries for dinner. (necessità)
9. He **is able to** learn to play the guitar. (capacità)
10. They **can** visit the art gallery if it's open. (permesso)

**Esercizio 4: Forma frasi interrogative e negative utilizzando i verbi modali.**

1. (Domanda) **Can** she swim in the pool? (permesso) (Negazione) They **couldn't** go to the party last night. (impossibilità)
2. (Domanda) **Can** you play the piano? (capacità) (Negazione) He **doesn't** eat junk food every day. (frequenza)
3. (Domanda) **Can** we come to your house tomorrow? (permesso) (Negazione) She **has to** go to the concert because she's sick. (obbligo)
4. (Domanda) **Did** they arrive on time for the meeting? (probabilità) (Negazione) I **don't have** to attend the event if we don't want to. (obbligo)
5. (Domanda) **Can** he speak Spanish fluently? (capacità) (Negazione) We **don't have to** attend the event if we don't want to. (obbligo)

**Esercizio 5: Completa le seguenti frasi usando il verbo modale appropriato.**

1. I **have** to finish this report by Friday.
2. They **are not allowed** to bring pets into the restaurant.
3. **Could** you please pass the salt?
4. She **needs** to go to the dentist because of her toothache.
5. We **will** visit the art gallery on Sunday.
6. He **goes** to the gym every day.
7. They **must not** speak during the movie.
8. We **should** drive to the mountains next weekend.
9. She **can** play the piano beautifully.
10. You **can** come to the party if you want to.